UG Even Semester (CBCS) Exam., May—2017

LAW

(2nd Semester)

Course No. : LLB (HC)–201

(General English)

Full Marks : 70
Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer **all** questions

UNIT—I

(*Marks* : 14)

1. *(a)* Draft an application addressing the Officer-in-Charge of the Police Station in your locality regarding the increasing number of cases of theft. 9

Or

(b) Assuming yourself as a legal correspondent of a local English Newspaper, write a report on the menace of traffic violation in your town. 9

2. Change the narration of the following sentences : 1×5=5

(a) She said to me, "Ask him why he does not like coffee."

(b) He told me not to tease the dog.

(c) He said, "I am happy today."

(d) Joe said, "While staying in Madrid, I met my best friend."

(e) The traveller said, "Can anyone tell me the way to the station."

UNIT—II

(*Marks* : 14)

3. Make sentences using any *three* of the following legal terms : 3×3=9

(a) A vinculo matrimonii

(b) Actiones legis

(c) Ceteris paribus

(d) Ad infinitum

4. Explain any *two* of the legal maxims : 2½×2=5

(a) Impotentia excusat

(b) Inter arma enim silent leges

(c) Necessitas publica major est quam

(d) Ubi jus ibi remedium

UNIT—III

(*Marks* : 14)

5. Substitute the following phrases with *one* word : 1×5=5

(a) A stage of growth between boyhood and manhood

(b) One who deserts his/her religion

(c) Spoken or written in two languages

(d) Qualified or fit to be chosen

(e) A decision on which one cannot go back

6. Give the antonyms of the following words : 1×5=5

Advantage; Frequent; Guilty; Honest; Optimist.

7. Give the synonyms of the following words : 1×4=4

Guilty; Humble; Compulsory; Defer.

UNIT—IV

(*Marks* : 14)

8. Give a précis of the following passage and add a suitable title to it : 11+3=14

There is an enemy beneath our feet—an enemy more deadly for his complete impartiality. He recognizes no national

boundaries, no political parties. Everyone in the world is threatened by him. The enemy is the earth itself. When an earthquake strikes, the world trembles. The power of a quake is greater than anything man himself can produce. But today scientists are directing a great deal of their effort into finding some way of combating earthquakes, and it is possible that at sometime in the near future mankind will have discovered a means of protecting itself from earthquake. An earthquake strikes without warning. When it does, its power is immense. If it strikes a modern city, the damage it causes is as great as if it has struck a primitive village. Gas explosions are caused and fires are started. Underground railways are wrecked. Buildings collapse, bridges fall, dams burst, gaping crevices appear in busy streets. If the quake strikes at sea, large tidal waves sweep inland. If it strikes in mountain regions, avalanches roar down into the valley. Consider the statistics from the past : 1755 : Lisbon, capital of Portugal, was destroyed entirely and 450 people were killed. 1970 : In Peru, 50000 people were killed. In 1968, an earthquake struck Alaska and there was a lot of devastation. Imagine the power of something that can move an entire subcontinent! This is the problem that the

scientists face. They are dealing with the forces so immense that man cannot hope to resist them.

UNIT—V

(*Marks* : 14)

9. Write an essay on any *one* of the following topics (maximum *200* words) : 14

(a) The Legal Profession in India

(b) The importance of the English Language for lawyers

★ ★ ★