UG Even Semester Exam, May 2025

LAW

2nd Semester

COURSE NO. B.A.LL.B-201 (N)

[General English - II]

Full Marks : 70
Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer five questions, taking one from each Unit

UNIT-I (Marks: 14x1=14)

1. 'A free flow of information ensures the success of an organization.' Elaborate this statement in the light of the flow of communication in any organization.
2. What are the barriers to communication? Do you remember any case of poor communication? Specify what went wrong in the case that resulted in poor communication.

UNIT-II (14x1=14

3. What is netiquette? Discuss the principles of Netiquette.
4. What do you mean by Group Discussion (GD)? Discuss the personality traits of participants that are evaluated in a GD.

UNIT-III (14x1=14)

5. Discuss the different approaches to Reading Techniques.
6. What is fluency? Write a note on Salient Reading and Close Reading.

UNIT-IV (14x1=14)

7. What according to Hill, are the principles of good writing?
8. Write précis of the following passages: (7.5x2=14)

   a. There is an enemy beneath our feet-an enemy more deadly for his complete impartiality. He recognizes no national boundaries, no political parties. Everyone in the world is threatened by him. The enemy is the quake is greater than anything man himself can procedure. But today scientists are directing a great deal of their effort into finding some way of combating earthquakes and ,perhaps at some time in the near future, mankind will have discovered a means of protecting itself from earthquakes. An earthquake strikes without warning. When it does, its power is immense. If it strike a modern city, the damage it causes is a great as if it has struck a primitive village. Gas mains burst, explosions are caused and fires are started. Underground railways are wrecked. Buildings collapse, bridges fall, dams burst and gaping crevices appear in busy streets. If the quake strikes at sea, huge tidal waves sweep inland. If it strikes in mountain regions, avalanches roar down into the valley. Consider the terrifying statistics from the past 1755: Lisbon, capital of Portugal- the city was destroyed entirely and 450 killed ; 1970: Peru-50,000 killed. In 1968, an earthquake struck Alaska. As this is a relatively unpopulated part, only a few people were killed. But it is likely that this was one of the most powerful quakes ever

to have hit the world. Geologist estimate that during the tremors, the whole of the state moved over 80 feet farther west into the Pacific Ocean. Imagine the power of something that can move an entire subcontinent! This is the problem that the scientists face. They are dealing with forces so immense that man cannot hope to resist them. All that can be done is to try to pinpoint just where the earthquake will strike and work from there. At least some precautionary measures can then be taken to save lives and some property.

b. Coffee is traditionally grown in Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu in India. It is predominantly an export oriented commodity and 65 % and 70% of coffee produced in the country is exported, while the rest is consumed with the country. In the international market, Indian Robusta is highly preferred for its good blending quality. Arabica coffee from India is also well received in the International market. Coffee is an export product with low import intensity and high employment content. This is evident from the fact that more than six lakh persons are directly employed and an equal number of individuals get indirect employment from this sector. Arabica is mild coffee, but the beans being more aromatic; it has higher market value compared to Robusta beans. On the other hand , Robusta has more strength and is therefore used in making various blends. Arabica is grown in higher altitudes than Robusta. The cool and equable temperature, raging between 15°C and 25° C, is suitable for Arabica, while for Robusta, hot and humid climate with temperature ranging from 20°C to 30°C is suitable. Arabica requires more care and nature and is more suitable for large holdings, whereas Robusta

is suitable irrespective of the size of the farm. Arabica is susceptible to pest and diseases such as White Stem Borer, leaf rust, and requires more shade than Robusta. The harvest of Arabica takes place between November and January, while for Robusta, it is from December to February.

UNIT-V (14x1=14)

9. What are the principles of essay writing?
10. Write an essay on any one of the topics:
    a. The Rise of a consumerist culture in our country
    b. What matter is attitude, not Altitude in life.

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